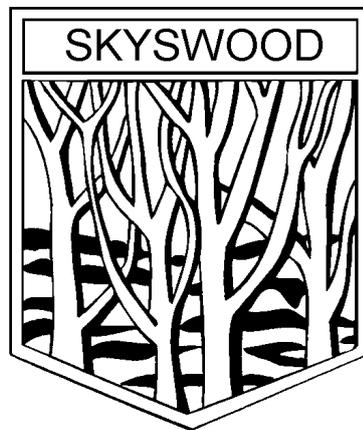


# **Skyswood Primary & Nursery School**

## **Whistleblowing Policy**

**Reporting illegal or improper conduct  
(Disclosures under the public interest disclosure Act 1998)**



**May 2020**

**Review Date – May 2022**

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## **Introduction**

The aim of this Policy is to encourage employees and others who have serious concerns about any aspect of the School to voice those concerns and feel secure in doing so.

It is important that any fraud, misconduct or wrongdoing is reported and properly dealt with. The School encourages all individuals to raise any concerns they may have about the conduct of others or the way in which the School is run.

The School is committed to the principles of honesty and integrity. A culture of openness and accountability is critical to ensuring these values are authentically lived by.

This policy applies to all employees, workers, agency staff, contractors, service providers, volunteers, and governors of the School.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and it may be amended at any time.

## **Scope**

If your concern relates to how you have been treated this should be raised under the grievance or bullying and harassment policies.

The whistleblowing policy will not replace any existing policies or procedures. If misconduct is discovered as a result of any investigation under this policy the School's disciplinary policy will be used.

The School encourages individuals to disclose any concerns they may have regardless of whether they are covered by this or another policy.

## **What is whistleblowing?**

Whistleblowing means the reporting of information which relates to actual or suspected wrongdoing related to a "qualifying disclosure".

A qualifying disclosure is one made in the public interest by a worker who has a reasonable belief that:

- A criminal offence
- A miscarriage of justice
- An act creating risk to health and safety
- An act causing damage to the environment
- A breach of any other legal obligation
- Concealment of any of the above is being, has been, or is likely to be, committed.

It is not necessary for a whistle blower to have proof of such an act for the protections of this policy to apply. They must only have a reasonable belief.

Potential whistle blowers should have reasonable grounds for believing the information they are disclosing is accurate.

Where a disclosure fails to show that one of the six categories of wrongdoing has been or is likely to occur, it cannot amount to a qualifying disclosure for the purposes of the whistleblowing legislation.

Potential whistle blowers are encouraged to seek support from a senior manager or their trade union representative if they are unsure whether to make a disclosure or to access support in making a disclosure, regardless of whether it is qualifying or not.

### **Protections for whistle blowers**

This policy has been written to take account of the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 and other relevant legislations, which protects workers making disclosures.

A whistle blower who makes a qualifying disclosure has the right not to be dismissed, subjected to any detriment or victimised, because they have made a disclosure.

Victimisation of a whistle blower for raising a qualifying disclosure will be a disciplinary offence.

The School will not dismiss anyone on the basis that they have made an appropriate lawful disclosure in accordance with the law and this policy.

Whistle blowers may seek support and advice from organisations such as the whistle blowing charity Protect (<https://protect-advice.org.uk> / 020 3117 2520) or ACAS ([www.acas.org.uk](http://www.acas.org.uk)).

### **Obligations for the whistle blower**

An instruction to cover up wrongdoing is in itself a disciplinary offence. A whistle blower who is told not to raise or pursue any concern, even by a person in authority, should not agree to remain silent.

Whistleblowing to an external agency without first using the procedure below may be considered a breach of the School's Code of Conduct.

It is not appropriate to whistle blow to the media in any circumstances and may be considered gross misconduct.

Maliciously making a false allegation is a disciplinary offence.

### **Confidentiality**

The School encourages individuals to voice their concerns openly. If anyone wishes to raise concerns confidentially, the School will make every effort to keep their identity secret.

The School will consult with the whistle blower before divulging their identity to any party, including an investigator.

The School does not encourage anonymous disclosures as this may make it harder to establish the credibility of an allegation and may make investigation difficult or impossible. Anonymous concerns will be taken seriously and investigated as far as is possible under this policy.

### **The School's commitment**

Any matter raised under this policy and procedure will be investigated thoroughly, promptly and confidentially.

Whilst the school will aim to keep the employee informed of the progress of the investigation and likely timescales, sometimes the requirement for confidentiality will prevent full information about the investigation and any consequential disciplinary action from being disclosed.

## **Obligations for the Governing Board**

An appropriate representative of the School (Headteacher or named governor) will inform Hertfordshire County Council as the maintaining authority of any qualifying disclosures at the earliest opportunity.

Concerns regarding financial irregularity will be reported to the Shared Internal Audit Service (SIAS); where concerns relate to child protection these will be handled in keeping with the relevant policy of the School and reported to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) where the threshold is met.

## **Whistleblowing procedure**

### **Stage 1 – Disclosure**

The whistle blower should initially raise their concern to their line manager. They may do this orally or in writing.

If the concern relates to the line manager or any person to whom they report (other than the Headteacher) the whistle blower should raise the issue with the Headteacher.

If the concern relates to the Headteacher, the whistle blower should raise this with the Governor or employee named at the end of this policy.

### **Stage 2 – Investigation**

The School will arrange an investigation into the concerns raised. This will take place as soon as is reasonably practicable.

The investigation may involve the whistle blower and other individuals involved meeting with the investigator and giving a written statement.

At any investigatory meetings the whistle blower is entitled to be accompanied by a recognised trade union representative or a work colleague.

### **Step 3 – Report to Governors**

The investigator will report to the named representative of the Governing Board before any further action is taken. The representative of the Governing Board will decide on potential outcomes including, but not limited to:

Invoking the School's disciplinary process, or other relevant policy

Referral to the police, Hertfordshire County Council department, government department or regulatory agency

No further action.

On conclusion of any investigation, the whistle blower will, as far as is practicable and where it is reasonable to do so, be told the outcome of the investigation and what the School has done, or proposes to do, about it. If no action is to be taken, the reason for this will be explained.

#### **Step 4 – Escalation.**

If, on conclusion of stages 1, 2 and 3 the whistle blower reasonably believes that the appropriate action has not been taken, they should report the matter to the proper authority. The legislation sets out a number of bodies to which qualifying disclosures may be made based on the subject matter of the disclosure. For education matters these are:

The Financial Conduct Authority (formerly the Financial Services Authority)

The Health and Safety Executive

The Environment Agency

Her Majesty's Chief Inspector of Children's services and skills

The Secretary of State for Education

The Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulator.

A full list can be obtained from the charity, Protect or the BEIS (Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy) website. Alternatively, an employee may contact their professional association or trade union representative for guidance.

#### **Data Protection**

When an individual makes a disclosure, the school will process any personal data collected in accordance with its data protection policy. Data collected from the point at which the individual makes the report is held securely and accessed by, and disclosed to, individuals only for the purposes of dealing with the disclosure.

#### **Contacts**

**The School's appointed member of staff for this purpose is: Mr Bob Bridle (Headteacher)**

**The School's appointed Governor for this purpose is: Mrs Catherine Borel-Saladin**

Or the independent whistleblowing charity **Protect**

Helpline [020 3117 2520](tel:02031172520)

E-mail: [whistle@protect-advice.org.uk](mailto:whistle@protect-advice.org.uk)